

# **MDU CENTRE FOR PROFESSIONAL AND ALLIED STUDIES, GURUGRAM**



**(MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY, ROHTAK)**

**(NAAC Accredited 'A+' Grade State University)**

**Invites papers for**

**TWO DAY NATIONAL SEMINAR**

**on**

**DEVELOPMENT OF CONSTITUTIONAL LAW IN INDIA: 1952-2019**

**17-18 November 2019**

**Patron in Chief**

**Prof. Rajbir Singh**

Vice-Chancellor, M.D.U, Rohtak

**Patron and Seminar Director**

**Prof. Santosh Nandal**

**Dr. Omprabha**  
(Convener)

**Dr. Kavita Sangwan**  
(Co- Convener)

**Dr. Virender Sindhu**  
(Organizing Secretary)

**Dr. (Mrs.) Sunil Kharb**  
(Organizing Secretary)

### **ABOUT THE UNIVERSITY**

Maharshi Dayanand University, Rohtak, established in 1976 with the object to promote inter-disciplinary higher education and research. The University derives its name and identity from Maharishi Dayanand Saraswati, a great freedom fighter, renowned social reformer and progressive thinker of his time. The University has progressed leaps and bound to emerge as a leading centre of higher education.

### **ABOUT MDU-CPAS- GURUGRAM**

Maharshi Dayanand University Centre for Professional and Allied Studies, Gurugram was established, initially under the name 'National Law College' in year 2000 by the Government of Haryana. Institute is being run and maintained by the Maharishi Dayanand University, Rohtak. This University Teaching Department is spread over a sprawling land of 7 acres with the beautiful architecture of two floor building, parking space and lush green sports ground in the vicinity of the cyber city of nation. Institute is located in the centre of Sector 40 of Gurgaon, just opposite to the police station and is less than a km drive from National Highway - 8. MDU-CPAS is committed to impart high quality

professional education in the areas of Law and Management through regular, evening and weekend programs at the affordable cost to meet the growing demand of the corporate and others.

### **ABOUT THE SEMINAR**

On 26th day of November, 2019, we are going to complete 70 years of the adoption of the Constitution of India. No doubt, the Constitution of India is the Supreme Law of the land which lays down a system of day-to-day governance in India. The Constitution of India is a fundamental document representing the social, economic and political ideas and aspirations of "We the People of India". As Thomas Paine rightly said, "A constitution not the act of the government but of the people constituting a Government and a government without a constitution is power without right." The Constitution of India is a document which recurses Justice, Liberty, Equality for all its citizens and promoting among them all Fraternity. The ultimate goal of the Constitution of India is that of "securing the dignity of the individual and unity of the nation." Therefore, on 26th November, 1949 we the People of India solemnly resolved to constitute India into a "Sovereign

Democratic Republic" and also introduced "Socialist" and "Secular" words by the Constitution (42nd Amendment) Act, 1976. Truly, the Constitution of India is a revolutionary document in its various dimensions. It is not only one of the finest documents in the global legal literature but it is also the Precursor of Modern India. Granville Austin, the eminent scholar and political biographer of the Indian Constitution rightly pointed out that the Indian Constitution is first and foremost a social document. The constitution of India is not only a legal charter laying down legal rules of governance, but it is also the nation's commitment to constitutional values of modern liberal democracy, human rights, social justice, national unity and welfare of all. In other words, the constitution is a national instrument of social, economic and political transformation by constitutional means. So, the present seminar is an attempt to critically evaluate the Social Transformation in India via Constitutional means in present scenario and to prepare an extensive document in India for the times to come

## Proposed Themes for the Seminar

- ✚ Preamble: Vision of Indian Constitution
- ✚ State Reorganization: issues and Problem
- ✚ Citizenship: Recent Developments
- ✚ Paradigm shifts in Definition of state under Article 12
- ✚ Reservation policy in India: Apprehensions and realities
- ✚ Right to Equality
- ✚ Right to Equality and laws for protection of women
- ✚ Right to Equality in Matters of Education and Public Employment
- ✚ Right to Equality and Religious Rights
- ✚ New Facets of Freedom of Speech and expression
- ✚ Applicability of Fundamental Rights on Armed Forces
- ✚ Implementation of Directive Principles of State Policy
- ✚ Center-State Relationship: Legislative, Executive and judicial
- ✚ Relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy
- ✚ Right to Property Under Indian Constitution
- ✚ Power and position of President in India
- ✚ Justice Delivery System: Dimensional aspects
- ✚ Directive Principles of State Policy and Social Justice
- ✚ Legislative Activism
- ✚ Administrative Governance
- ✚ Constitutionalism and Judicial Process in contemporary times
- ✚ Constitutional amendments in agrarian sector and land reforms
- ✚ Emergency Provision in Indian Constitution
- ✚ Social Welfare Legislations
- ✚ Legislations on Women, Children and Marginalized Sections
- ✚ Directive Principles of State Policy and Judicial process
- ✚ Directive Principles of State Policy and Socio-Economic Rights
- ✚ International agreements and Sovereignty
- ✚ Public Interest Litigation for Tackling Corruption
- ✚ Concept and connotation of Human Rights and Gender equality
- ✚ Constitutional Mandate towards Gender equality
- ✚ Personal laws
- ✚ Judicial Activism towards Gender equality
- ✚ Multiculturalism and Gender equality
- ✚ Jurisprudence and Gender equality
- ✚ Parliamentary Democracy
- ✚ Independence of Judiciary
- ✚ Collegiums Controversy
- ✚ Special Leave Petition
- ✚ GST
- ✚ National Emergency Of 1975
- ✚ Article 370
- ✚ President Rule
- ✚ Judicial Review
- ✚ Fundamental Rights
- ✚ Right to Life
- ✚ Right of Information
- ✚ Right of Privacy
- ✚ Right to Education
- ✚ Fundamental Rights and Socio-Economic Rights
- ✚ Right to work
- ✚ MNREGA
- ✚ Freedom of Religion in India
- ✚ Writ Jurisdiction
- ✚ Theory of Basic structure
- ✚ Constitutional Amendments in India
- ✚ Reservation Policy In India
- ✚ Language Issue in Indian Constitution
- ✚ Role of judicial Activism

**The above list of the seminar themes is self illustrative Quality submission in empirical or theoretical aspects on the related themes in conformity with the overall theme of the National Seminar will be welcomed**

**GUIDELINES FOR THE SUBMISSION OF ABSTRACT AND FULL PAPER:** The abstract should not exceed 300 words and should include: Title Background, Methodology, Findings/Results The contributor(s) should provide their name/s, affiliation, mailing address, Email and Phone number along with the Abstract. The full paper should be in standard format (Font: Times New Roman, 12 font size, 1.5 line spacing) and normally be of about 2500 words in length. Author(s) name (s) and affiliation should be shown on the separate sheet along with the title of the paper. Contributors require to email their abstract and papers at [cpas.mdu.seminar@gmail.com](mailto:cpas.mdu.seminar@gmail.com), [professorvirender@gmail.com](mailto:professorvirender@gmail.com), [neel.kharb@gmail.com](mailto:neel.kharb@gmail.com).

For any further queries you may contact at: 9996373355, 9711360777.

**IMPORTANT DATES:** Participants who are interested to present research papers in the conference should follow the following deadlines:

- \*Submission of abstracts: 10<sup>th</sup> Nov. 2019
- \*Submission of full paper: 14<sup>th</sup> Nov. 2019

**Registration:** All the authors of the manuscript have to register themselves separately. The registration fee covers the cost of conference kit, lunch & refreshments. Registration fee once deposited will not be refunded under any circumstances.

**Registration Fee:**  
 INR 700 for academicians  
 INR 500 for Research Scholars and Students

**NOTE:** No TA/DA will be paid for participating in the conference. Arrangement of accommodation for outstation participants will be made on request on payment basis. Presentation certificate will be issued to the participants who attend the conference in person and present their paper in designated technical session

**Organizing Committee**

- (a) Dr G.S.Chauhan
- (b) Dr Somlata Sharma
- (c) Dr Kailash Kumar
- (d) Dr Pratibha Bhardwaj
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