Maharshi Dayanand University Rohtak



Ordinances, Syllabus and Courses of Reading for M.A. (F) Geography Examination

Session—1998-99

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Maharshi Dayanand University

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ORDINANCE: MASTER OF ARTS EXAMINATION

- 1. The Master of Arts Examination shall be held in two Parts, Part-I examination shall be held at the end of the first year and Part-II examination at the end of the second year.
- 2. The examination in Part-I and Part-II shall be held once a year ordinarily in the month of April/May, on such dates as may be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor.
 - A supplementary examination in Part-II of M.A. will be held in December or on such dates as may be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor for those candidates who have passed all the Papers of Part-I exam, but have got 're-appear' or have failed or want to improve their score in Paper(s) of Part-II examination. However, total number of chances will not exceed as given in the Ordinance.
- 3. The last date for the receipt of admission form and fee without late fee as fixed by the Vice-Chancellor, shall be notified to the Heads of the University Teaching Departments. P.G. Regional Centre Rewari and the colleges concerned.
- 4. A candidate's admission form and fee may be accepted after the last date on Payment of late fee of Rs.105/- upto the date notified by the University.
 - Note: No late fee shall be charged if the admission form and fee are received within three working days of grace after the last date for the receipt of the same without late fee:-
- 5. A person who has passed one of the following Examinations, shall be eligible to join the first year (Part-I) class of Master of Arts course: (except Master of Physical Education).
 - (i) B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. (Hoons.) Examination in the subject6 of Postgraduate Course.
 - (ii) B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. (Hons.) in a subject other than the subject of Post-graduate Course with atleast 50% marks in the aggregate.
 - (iii) Ist Bachelor's degree with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or 45% marks in the subject of P.G. Course in which the candidate wishes to seek admission.
 - (iv) Shastri Examination (New scheme) of this University in the manner prescribed in (i) and (ii) above.
 - (v) Master's degree examination in another subject.
 - (vi) The B.A. degree obtained through English only etc. shall be considered for admission to M.A. in various subjects at par with B.A. degree.

(vii) An examination of any other Univedrsity recognised by this University as equivalent to (i) or (ii) or (iii) or (iv) or (v) or (vi) above.

Provided that:

- a) A candidate who has passed B.Com. Examination with atleast 45% marks in the subject(s)/paper(s) related to Economics including Statistics shall also be eligible to take up M.A. Economics course.
- b) A candidate who has passed B.Sc. (Agri.) with Agricultures Economics as one of the paper/subjects shall also be eligible to join M.A. Economics course.
- c) A candidates who has passed B.A. examination with atleast 455 marks in Public Administration or Sociology shall be eligible to thake up M>A. Political Science.
- d) A candidate getting at least 55% marks in Hindi (Compulsory) subject may also be considered eligible for admission to M.A. Hindi.
- e) A candidate who has passed B.A. (Hons.) in Sanskrit with atleast 45% marks or B.A. Examination with atleast 45% in Sanskrit (Elective) may also be considered eligible to tade up M.A. (Hindi), if the cdandidates who have passed B.A. (Hons.) Hindi or B.A. with Hindi (Elective) obtaining 45% marks are not avaliable
- f) A candidate who has passed Bachelors Degree Examination in Music (B.Mus. from any Indian University shall be eligible for admission to M.A. course without any condidion of minimum percentage of but no one who dida not take up Music as one of his subject for the B.A. Examination shall be eligible to take up M.A. Music provided he is working as a teacher of Music in a college admitted to the Privileges of this University or in a recognised Higher Secondary School within the jurisdiction of the University or in addition to passing B.A./B.Sc. he has passed one of the following examination:

Sangeet Visharad: Form Bhatkhande Sangeet Vidyapeeth Lucknow or from

Gandharva Mahavidyalaya, Bombay.

Sangeet Prabhakar: From Prayag Sangeet Smiti,
Allahabad or from Rafasthan Sangeet

Sansthan, Jaipur.

Sangeet Visharad: From Prachin Kala Kender Chandigarh.

Chanaigain.

- g) A candidate who has passed B.A. Examination with Sociology or an allied subject sush as Psychology, Political Science, Economics, History and Geography as one of the subjects with 45% marks in aggregate and 45% marks in Sociology or allied subject mentioned above shall eligible to take up M.A. Sociology.
- h) A candidate who has passed B.A. Examination with History or in any other subject listed in the Faculity of Social Sciences (i.e. Political Science, Sociology, Public Administration, Geography, Psychology etc.) obtaining atleast 45% marks in the subject shall be eligible to take up M.A. History.
- i) A candidate who has not passed B.A./B.Sc. (Pass or Hons.) with Mathematics as one of the subjects shall not be eligible to join M.A. Mathematics Course.
- j) A candidate who has studied the subject of sanskrit at B.A. level, whether elective or compulsory, for a full span of three years shall be eligible to seek admission to M.A. Sanskrit Course. The minimum percentage opf marks for those who have studied Sanskrit compulsory should be 55% in the subject.
- k) For admission to M.A. (Rural Development) a candidate must have passed .Sc. (Agriculture) with Agricultural Economics as one of the papers/subjects obtaining 50% marks in aggregate or B.A. with 45% marks in any subject of Social Sciences.

FOR M.A. PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Eligibility condition for admission to M.A Physical Education:-

- Note: A person who has passed one of the following examinations shall be eligible to join the Ist year (Part-I) of the Master of Arts (Physical Education) course:-
- A i) A Bachelors's Degree examination in Humanities of the M.D. University, Rohtak or an examination recognised as equivalent thereto with atleast 45% marks in the aggregate with English as one of the subjects at the under-graduate level or B.Com./B.Sc./B.Sc. (Home Science) B.Sc. (Agri.) with 45% marks.
 - ii) B.P. Ed./D.P. Ed. one year course after graduation with atleast 50% marks.
 - iii) B.A./B.Sc. with Health and Physical Education as one of the subjects in three years degree course with atleast 50% marks.
 - iv) Bachelor of Physical Education (B.P.F.) three year degree course with atleast 50% marks.

v) B.S.H. and P.E. five years course with atleast 50% marks.

AND

B The candidate has takent part in the Inter-University or Inter state or National Tournament in the games and sports recognised by the Inter-University Sports Board Provided that the candidate qualified in the standard afficiency test at the time of Examination to the first year course.

IMPORTANT NOTE

A person who has passed Post-graduate examination shall not ordinarily be allowed to seek admission to P.G. Course in another subject as a regular student.

- 6. A candidate who is placed under compartment in the qualifying exam shall not be allowed to join M.A. Course.
- 7. A candidate who has failed in one or more paper(s) or fails to appear in M.A. Examination shall be allowed two additional subsequent chances only to pass the M.A. examination. This is however, subjects to the provision in Clause-8 below.
- 8. A candidate who fails to pass the M.A. Examination within a period of four years of his admission to the course shallbe deemed to be unfit for Post-graduate Studies in the subject concerned.
- 9. A person who has passed toh following Examinations shall be eligible to join the M.A. Part-II:
 - a) M.A. Part-I Examination from M.D. University, in the subject concerned. This is however, subject to Clause-7. However, the candidates who have passed atleast two theory papers out of four or five theory papers or atleast three theory papers out of sex or seven theory papers of Part-I exam. of the University will be promoted to Part-II class, provisionally

OR

b) M.A. Part-I Examination of the subject offered from the Kurukshetra University of Panjab University or Punjabi University, or Guru Nanak Dev University or Himachal Pradesh University, provided that the Head of the University Departments/Principal of the college concerned is satisfied that the contents of papers already passed by him are almost the same as in the M.A. Part-I Examination this University; in this case the marks obtained in M.A. Part-I of the course at any of these Universities shall be counted towards division of

successful candidates by increasing of reducing the marks obtained in accordance with maximum marks prescribed for M.A. Part-I Examination of this University.

- 10. The M.A.Examination in Part-I/Part-II shall be open to a student who:
 - a) has passed the requisite qualifying Exam. or is covered under Clause-5 and 8 and
 - b) has his name submitted to the Contorller of Examinations by the Head of the University Dept./Principal of the college he has most recently attended and produces the following certificates, signed by him:
 - i) of possessing good character
 - ii) of having remained on the rolls of Department/College during the year preceding the Examination and of having attended not less than 65% of the full course of lectures and tutorials separately and 75% of practicals (the courses to be counted upto the last day when the classes break up for the preparatory holidays).
- 11. Every candidate shall be examined according to the scheme of examination and syllabus as approved by the Academic Council from time to time.
- 12. The amount of Examination fee to be paid by a candidate for each year shall be as follows:

Regular Ex-Student

- Rs. 100/- (Plus Rs. 20/- per practical Rs. 110/-Subject)
- 13. A candidate who re-appears in one more paper(s) Practical(s) for the purpose of passing/improvement of score of marks/result shall pay fee as for the whole Examination.
 - i) The medium of instructions shall be:
 - a) Hindi in case of Hindi and English in case of English
 - b) English or Hindi or sanskrit in case of Sanskrit and
 - c) English/Hindi in case of other subjects.
 - ii) The question papers will be set :
 - a) in Hindi in case of Hindi, Sanskrit and Music and
 - b) in English and Hindi in case of other subjects.

- iii) The candidate shall write their answer as under :
 - a) in Hindi in case of Hindi;
 - b) in English or Hindi or Sanskrit in case of Sanskrit
 - c) in English in case of English and Mathematics and
 - d) in English/Hindi in case of other subjects.
- 15.1. The minimum number of marks required to pass the Examination shall be as under:
 - A) In all subjects except Physical Education
 - i) 33% in each paper (written and practical separately);
 - ii) 40% in each practical in the case of Music;
 - iii) 40% in Dissertation/Viva-Voce, where prescribed;
 - iv) 40% in aggregate
 - B) In Physical Education
 - i) 35% in each theory paper;
 - ii) 40% in practical; and
 - iii) 40% in aggregate
- 15.2.A candidate who has completed the prescribed course of instructions in College/University Teaching Department for previous/final examination but has not appeared in it or having appeared fails may be allowed recommendation of the Principal of the College/Head of University Teaching Department concerned to appear in the subsequent year in the examination paper(s) as the case may be without attending a fresh course of Instruction. While reappearing in the examinations the candidate shall be exempted from reapearing in paper(s) and/or practical(s) in which he has obtained atleast 40% marks.
- 16.1.A candidate who has passed M.A. Part-I Examination obtaining at least 55% marks in aggregate may offer dissertation wherever prescribed in the Scheme of Examination for the course. The subject of the dissertation shall be approved by the Head of the Department concerned. A candidate shall submit to the Head of the Department an

- application for the approval of the topic for the dissertation alongwith a synopsis within one month of his admission to M.A. Part-II.
- 16.2 Every candidate who offers dissertation shall be required to submit three copies of his dissertation alongwith a brief abstract of the same giving an account of the investigation/research conducted and its main findings (which will not exceed 500 words). The dissertation shall be examined by one external Examiner only.
- 16.3. The last date for receipt of the dissertation in the office of the Controller of Examinations shall be one month before the commencement of the Theory Examination, provided that in exceptional, cases, Vice-Chancellor shall have the power, to extend, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department, the last date for receipt of the dissertation upto three months. If a candidate fails to submit his dissertation even during the extended period he will be considered to have absented in the dissertation paper and his result shall be declared accordingly.
- 16.4.A candidate who has submitted a dissertation as a part of the Examination may withdraw the same before it has been examined but once is it examined and candidate obtains the minimum pass marks he shall not be permitted to withdraw it or submit another dissertation in lieu thereof. The marks obtained by him for the dissertation shall be taken in to account when he appears in any future examination for the purpose of passing therein or for improving the score of marks/result.
- 17. As soon as possible, after the termination of the examination the Registrar/Controller of Examinations shall publish the result of candidates and issue Detailed Marks Card.
- 18. The result of candidates who have passed the M.A. examination shall be classified into division as under, the division obtained by the candidate will be stated in his degree
 - Those who obtain 60 percent or more marks

First Division

b) Those who obtain 50 percent or more but less than 60 percent marks

Second Division

c) All below 50 percent

Third Division

- 19. A candidate who has already passed the Master of Arts Examination from this University, in a subject in which different optional papers are permitted, may appear in one or more other optional papers of that subject, at any subsequent examintion when held, without attending a regular course of study on payment of fee as prescribed for the whole exam. Provided that if there is any corresponding Practical work involved he must attend the prescribed number of practicals etc. in the Department. Such a candidate shall, in order to pass, be required to obtain at least 40 percent marks in each paper.
- 20. A candidate who has passed Part-I of M.A. Examination of this University, will be allowed to appear for improvement of his result as an ex-student in one or more theory papers of M.A. Part-I Examination once within a period of three years of his passing the Part-I Examination. A candidate who has passed Part-II of M.A. Examination of this University will be allowed to appear for improvement of his result as an ex-student in one more theory paper(s) of the M.A. Part-II. Examination once within a period of two years of his passing the Part-II Examination.

The candidates may however, appear for improvement of Part-I Examination simultaneously with Part-II Examination while appearing in Part-II Examination for passing or for Improvement.

The result of such a candidate shall be declared only if he improves his score of marks by taking into account the marks obtained by him in the paper(s) in which he reappeared and the marks obtained by him earlier in the remaining paper(s) etc. The fact that the candidate has improved shall be metioned in the Detailed-Marks Card.

Provided further that the candidate will take the Examination according to syllabus in force for the regular student for that examination.

21. Notwithstanding the integrated nature of this course which is spread over more than one academic year, the Ordinance in force at the time a student joins the course shall hold good only for the examination held during or at the end of the academic year and nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to debar the University from amending the ordinance and the amended Ordinance, if any shall apply to all students, whether old or new.

M.A. (FINAL) GEOGRAPHY 1998-99

M.A. (Final) Examination Geography shall consist of four theory papers and one paper on Field Methods and practicals. Each theory paper shall be of 3 hours duration carrying 100 marks each. The paper-X on 'Field Methods and Practicals' shall consist of two parts, A & B carrying 50 marks each. The paper-X Part-A shall be a theory paper on 'Field Methods of Investigation in Geography, and conducted alongwith the main theory Examinations. The general outline of all the papers of M.A.(F) Examination is as follows:

Paper-VI Modern Geographical Thought 100 3 Hours
Paper-VII Advanced Regional Geography of 100 3 Hours
India
Paper-VIII Options-(A) 100 3 Hours

(Any one of the following)

- i) Political Geography
- ii) Social Geography
- iii) Geography of Human Welfare
- iv) Cultural Geography
- v) Applied Geography
- vi) Anthropogeography

Paper-IX Options-(B)

100 3 Hours

(Any one of the following)

- i) Population Geography
- ii) Urban Geography
- iii) Geography of Rural Settlements
- iv) Agricultural Geography
- v) Regional Planning
- vi) Biogeography

Paper-X Field Methods and Practicals

Part-A Field Methods of Investigation in Geography

(A Theory paper to be held alongwith the main examination of theory papers)

Part-B Lab. Work 50 3 Hours

a) Lab work test, Slope analysis Remote Sensing and Aerial Photo Interpretation) 24 b) Record work

16

c) Viva-Voce

10

- Note: 1. The examination in Lab. Work shall be conducted by a board of two external examiners assisted by the Head of the Deptt. at the examination Centre (or his nominee) who shall participate in the Viva-voce examination and shall offer advice as regards the candidates record books but shall not be involved in the process of actual evaluation and marking.
 - 2. Which particular option/options shall be taught in the Department during a given year shall depend on availability of resources. In this regard the decision of the Departmental committee shall be final.

Syllabus and Courses of Reading

Paper-VI Modern Geographical Thought

M. M : 100

Time: 3 Hours.

Part-I

- 1. Impact of Discoveries: Revival of interest in Geography in the 16th and 17th Centuries, a general survey with special reference to contributions of Barnard varenius, Ritter, Humboldt.
- 2. Post-Ritterian Geography and the Rise of Dualism: Physical Vs. Human Geography, and Regional Vs. Systematic Geography.

Part-II

- 1. Rise of Geography as an integrated Discipline:
- 2. Integration in terms of Chorology: Contribution of Richthofen, Hettner, and Sauer
- 3. a) Darwin's impact on Geography;
 - b) Why was time neglected in Modern Geography?

Part-III

1.a) The Role of Historical Explanation in Human Geography. Approaches to the study of Historical Geography.

- b) Regional concept in Geography; the logic and purpose of regional system.
- 2. a) Quantitative Revolution and the New Mainstream Geography as a Spatial Science: A Critical Appraisal.
 - b) Anti positivis, and rise of humanistic approaches in Geography.
- 3. a) Behavioural revolution in Geography.
 - b) The Call for social relevance: Liberals and radicals.
- Note: Candidates shall be required to answer 4 questions in all, choosing one question from each part. The question paper shall contain 9 questions in all, three questions from each part. There shall be atleast one question on each of the eight topics.

Books Recommended:

R.Peat (ed.)

Books Recommended:	
P.E. James and Martin	All Possible Worlds, JohnWiley (India reprint).
R.E. Dickinson	Makers of Modern Geography, Routledge & Kegar Paul, London.
R.J. Johnston	Geography and Geographers, Edward Arnold, Fourth Edn. 1991.
R.J. Johnston,(ed.)	The Future of Geography Methuen, London, 1986.
R. Hartshorne	Perspective on the Nature of Geography Rand Mc. Hally (Indian Reprint).
W.K.D. Davies(ed.)	Conceptual Revolution in Geography London University Press, 1972.
Peter Gould	The Geographers Craft, Routledge & Kegan Paul, London, 1985.
D.Gregory	Ideology, Science and Human

Geography.

Geography, Methuen

Radical

1976.

D. Lay Humanistic Geography

Groom-Helm, 1978 & Samrats

(ed.)

R.D. Dikshit

"On the Changing Professional Geography" Concerns in Geographical Review of India.

March, 1984.

R.D. Dikshit

"Geography of Teaching of the Environment" Transaction. Institute of India Geographers, July, 1985.

Paper-VII Advanced Regional Geography of India

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours.

Introduction

- Unit-I i) Spatial Setting-India as a Geographical unit, (Location, size and extent). India in the context of Asia and the World.
 - ii) Physical Setting-Relief, Climate, Drainage, Soils Natural Vegetation.
 - iii) Human Resource-Growth, distribution and structure of population. Trends of urbanisation, population problems.

Unit-II Economic Structure

- i) Agricultural, patterns-Broad Trends of Land Utilisation and Agricultural Production, Production of Paddy, Sugarcane, Cotton, Jute and Tea; j Characteristics and Problems of Indian Agriculture.
- ii) Industrial patterns-power Resources (Coal, Mineral Oil, and Hydroelectric Power), Mineral Resources (Iron, Mica, Menganese and aluminium), manufacturing Industries (Iron & Steel, Textile, Sugar, Cement, Fertilizer and Paper).
- iii) Transport and Trade patterns-Different Modes of Transport and their Functional Significance, Internal and International Trade-composition and change.

Unit-III Regional Structure

- i) Regional Structure of India (Schemes of R.L. Singh, P.Sen Gupta and, B.K. Roy)
- ii) Regional Account-Study of the following Regions based on R.L. Singh's classification.
 - (i) Kashmir Himalays (ii)Haryana-Punjab Plain.(iii)Chota Nagpur Plateau (iv)Coromandal Coast.
- Note: The question paper shall contain 8 questions in all including 3 questions each on Units I & II and 2 questions from Unit III (i.e. one question on each topic). The candidate shall attempt only four questions selecting atleast one question from each unit.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Mitra Ashok, India's Population Vol. I & II, Abhinav Publications, New Delhi, 1978.
- 2. Chibber, H.L. India: Physical Basis of Geography, Nand Kishore, Banaras, 1961.
- 3. Singh, Jasbir, An Agricultural Atlas of India: A geographical analysis Vishal Publications, Kurukshetra, 1974.
 - 4. Sharma, T.C. and Coutinho, O., Economic and commercial Geog. of India, 1981.
 - 5. Singh, R.L. India: A Regional Geography NGI, Varanasi, 1971.
- 6. Spate, D.H.L., and Learmonth A.T.A. India and Pakistan, Methuen and Co., London, 1967.
 - 7. Wadia, D.N. Geology of India, Macmillan, London, 1967.
- 8. Govt. of India National Atlas of India, NATMO Calcutta.
 - 9. Puri G.S., Indian Forest Ecology, Vol. I & II Oxford Book and Stationery Co., New Delhi, 1960.
 - 10. Sengupta, P. and G. Sdasyuk, Economic Regionalisation of India Census of India Publications, 1968 New Delhi.
 - 11. Srivastava, M.A., Trade of India, S. Chand and Co., London, 1967.

- 12. Roy, B.K. and V.S. Verma, Regional Divisions of India-A. Cartographic Analysis, Census of India Publication Series I Vol. I to XXXIII, 1988.
- 13. Datt, R. and KPM Sundharam, Indian Economy, S. Chand & Co., Pvt. (Ltd.), New Delhi, 6th Revised Edition, 1989.

 (First Published in 1965).
- 14. Ray, S.K. Indian Economy, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 1987.
- 15. Misra, S.K. and V.K. Puri Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi, 7th Revised and Enlarged Edition, 1989. (First Published in 1983).
- 16. Govt. of India, India-A Reference Annual, Publications Divisions, New Delhi.
- 17. Mamoria, C., Bharat Ka Bhoogol, Sahitya Bhawan Agra, 1986.

Paper-VIII (i) Political Geography

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours.

Part-I

- 1. History and Development of Political Geography with special study of the contributions of Ratzel.
- 2. Changes in the concept of Political Geography-Organismic; Chorological; spatial-Behavioural; Political Economy (A General Survey).
- 3. (i) Concepts of Link, Forward and Federal Capitals;
- 4. (ii) Structure Process framework for study of Effective Central Authority.

Part-II

- 1. Geopolitics-past heritage and present orientation.
- 2. Global strategic views-Mackinder, spykeman, de Seversky.
- 3. Impact on global strategic thinking of the contemporary changes in Political power structure in Europe.

Part-III

- 1. Approaches to the study of Elections; the concept of Electoral Abuse-Gerrymandering and Malapportionment; Ecological Fallacy.
- 2.(i) Nature and Geography of Modern Federalism as a democratic system.
- (ii) Factors for the choice of a federal system of independent India.
- 3. Methodological Approaches to the study of Political Geography, Functional, Unified Field Theory, Systems, Genetic-Functional.
- Note: The question paper shall contain nine questions in all, three on each part (including one on each topic). A Candidate shall attempt four questions in all selecting atleast one from each part.

Artist Contract

Books Recommended:

Doors Recommended.	, \$ 4 × 3
R.D. Dikshit	Political Geography: A Contemporary Perspective Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 1987 reprint.
R.E. Kasperson & J. V.Minghi (ed.)	Structure of Political Geog., London University Press, 1969.
W.A.D. Jackson & Semuels (eds).	Politicals Land Geographic Relationship Prentice Hall, 1970.
Pater Taylor	Political Geography, Longman, London, 1981.
Burentt & Taylor (ed)	(Political Studies from Spatial Perspective John Wiley, 1987.
R. Muir and Paddison, 1981 Methuen	Politics, Geography and Behaviour,
P.J. Taylor& R.J. Johnston	Geography of Election, Penguin, 1979.
R.D. Dikshit	"On Developments in Political Geography", Indian Geography (Institute of Indian Geographers) Vol. I PP 121-134.
R.D. Dikshit	Political Geography of Federalism, Macmillan, London and Delhi, 1975.

Paper-VIII (ii) Social Geography

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hours.

- 1. Definition and nature of Social-Geography; Social pattern and process; Social Geography-a Group framewoprk; Nature of Data in Social Geography and problems of Scale; Distributional patterns of Social groups and factorial ecology; social significance of patterns.
- 2. Explaining the social patterns (A behavioural approach); Segregation and Assimilation; Measuring and Mapping of Segregation; social consequences of migration and Urbanisation.
- 3. A Fair Society-concepts and measurements; social justice and fair society; Public Policy and Social Planning; Social Geography and Public Policy.

Note: There shall be three questions from section I and II and two questions from section III. Students are required to answer four questions selecting atleast one question from each section.

Reading List

Introduction Jones, E. and Eyles, J. Social to

Geography, Oxford University

Press, London, 1977.

Jackson, P. and Smith, S.J. Exploring Social Geography, Allen & Unwin, London.

Jones, E. (ed.) Readings in Social Geography, Oxford, University Press,

London, 1975.

Geography and Contemporary Albaum, M., Issues: Studies in Relevant

Problems, John Willey Sons, Newyork, 1973.

Kariel, H.G. and Karial, P.E. Exploration Social in Geography

Addison Sesley Publishing Co.,

Massachusetts, 1972.

Mukerji, A.B.

The Charges of Uttar Pradesh: A Study in Social Geog. Inter-India Publications, Delhi-1980.

Paper-VIII (iii) Geography of Human Welfare

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours.

- 1. a) Evolution of Humanistic Perspective in Geography; Meaning, Methodology, and Approaches (Positive and Normative Approaches) of Humanistic Geography; The Multidisciplinery focus of Humanistic Geography.
 - b) Human Welbeing-Its meaning and indicators; welfare problems in contemporary World. Welfare improvements as the criteria of development; Relationship between social and economic development; Development and inequality; The process of development; and under development in the contemporary World.
- 2. a) Distributional aspects of welfare in terms of who gets what where; Theories of Distributions; class and political power; Distribution of value among classes and its Geographical implications in welfare, Geographical aspects of wellbeing location, accessibility, proximity and externality.
 - b) The conceptual premises of judging distribution: Equality, Differential treatment; constrained inequality; social constraints and distributive justice; ideal institution and welfare improvements.
- 3. a) Changing the Distribution for welfare improvement Planning the process of change; social problems and priorities; spatial planning strategy location distance and accessibility objectives spatial planning reforms.
 - b) Location and allocation problems in welfare in terms of what should go where-examples of location of industry; employment & accessibility and access to medical care etc.
- Note: The paper shall contain 8 questions in all including 3 questions each from 1 & 2 and two questions from section 3. Candidates are required to attempt 4 questions in all selecting atleast one question from each section.

Reading List

- 1. D.M. Smith Human Geography, A Welfare Approach, Arnold, N.D. 1979.
- 2. B.E. Coates et al, Geography and inequality Oxford University Press, 1979.
- 3. D.M. Smith Where the Gross is Creener, Penguin, 1979.
- 4. P.L. Lenox Social Welbeing: A Spatial Perspective, Oxford University Press, 1971.

Paper-VIII(iv) Cultural Geography

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours.

Section-A

1. Cultural Geography: Nature and Scope

The Growing Organisation of the Earth Space:

- a) The Evolution of Regional, Cultural Hearths with reference to (i) Mesopotamia, (ii) The Nile Valley and (iii) The Indus Valley.
- b) The Formation and Dominance of Early Regional Culture Realms.

Section-B

- 3. The main stages in Socio-Economic Evolution.
- 4. Increasing the Speed and Efficiency of Operation of Cultural Processes.

Section-C

- 5. Space Intensification
 - a) Spece Intensification in Resource Extraction:
 - (i) Space Intensification in Agriculture (ii) Space Intensification in Mineral Resource Extraction.
 - b) Intensification in Resource Conversion.
 - c) Intensification through Regional Development.

- 6. Man's Dominance of the Earth: (i) Man as an Agent of Physical change, (ii) The Control of Biotic Environment, (iii) The Control of Cultural Environment, (iv) The Nature of Human Technologies and Human Habits, (v) Resource, Demand and Industrialisation.
- Note: The paper shall contain 8 questions in all including 3 questions each on sections A and C and 2 questions from Section-B. The candidates will have to attempt four questions selecting atleast one question from each section.

Suggested Readings

Wanger, P.L. and Mikesell Reading in Cultural Geography, Marrin University of Chicago Press, Chicago and London, 1962.

Spencer J.E. & Thomas Cultural Geography, John Willey Williant and Sons, New York, 1969.

Thomas W.L. and Spencer, Introduction Cultural Geography J.E. John Willey & Sons, New York, 1973.

Bose, N.K. Culture and Society of India, N.Y. Asia 1967.

Jones, E., Reading in Social Geography, Oxford University, Press London, 1975.

Russel R.J., and Kniffen, Culture World Macmillan, New F.B. York, 1968.

Paper-VIII (v) Applied Geography

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours

- Unit-I Meaning and Scope of Applied Geography Problematic Approaches to Geog., Application of Geomorphology to Engineering Projects-Highway construction, Dam Site selection, Location and Site for Air Fields, Ground Water Hydrology and Mineral Extraction.
- Unit-II Rural Land Use Principles of Land Use Planning, Land Use Studies in U.K., U.S.A. Japan and India, Land Use Analysis Location Theories, Agricultural Efficiency, Carrying capacity of Land.

Unit-III Urban Land Use and Town Planning- principle of Urban Land Use Planning, Town Planning Methods and Techniques and Urban Renewal. Delimitation of Urban Field, Functional Zonning and Urban Transport, Town. Planning in India.

Unit-IV Multi Purpose Projects-Concept and Approaches, Tennassee Valley Authority (TVA) Project Aswan High Dam Project Damodar Valley Corporation (DVČ), Project, Shakra Nagal Project; Hirakud Project, Chambal Project, Indira Gandhi Canal Project.

Note: The question paper shall contain 8 questions in all including two questions from each unit. Candidates shall attempt 4 questions in all selecting atleast one question from each unit.

Bo	oks Recommended:	
1.	Stamp, L.D.	Applied Geography, Penguin Books, A-449 Middlesex, 1963.
2.	Chapin, F.S.	Urban Land Use Planning, 2nd Edition, University, of Illinois Press, 1965.
3.	Stamp, L.D.	Land of Britain-Its use and Misuse Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd. London, 1962.
4.	Singh R.L. (ed).	Applied Geography (Proceeding of Summer School), NGSI, Varansi, 1968.
5.	Friedman J. & W. Alone	Regional Development as a policy Issuses in Regional Development Planning.

India-Problems and Approaches India, of Monograph Series Vol. I No. 8, 1968.

6. Sengupta, P. & Sadsyuk, G. Economic Regionalisation in

Vigyan: 7. Singh, Savindra Bhoo-Akriti (Geomorphology).

8. Pal, Ram & B. Nath Vyavharik Bhoogol (Applied Geog.).

9. Memoria, C.B.

Bharat Ka Bhoogol, Sahitya
Bhawan Agra, 1988.

10. Jain J.K. and D.M. Bohra Vyavharik Bhoogol, Rajasthan, Hindi Grant Academy Jaipur, 1974.

11. Embleton, C. and J.T. Land Use and Resources Coppock(ed)

Studies in Applied Geography,
Special Publication No.I
Institute of British Geographers,
London, 1968.

12. Jacson J.N.

Surveys for Town and Country
Planning: Hutchinson
University Library, London
1963.

13. M. Shafi and M. Raza(ed). Studies in Applied and Regional Geography, AMU, Aligarh, Aligarh, 1971.

14. Turnur, D.S.

Applied Earth Science (Foundation of Earth Science Series) W.M.C. Brown Publishers, 1969.

15. Thornbury, W.D.

Principles of Geomorphology
(Especially the Chapter Applied
Geomorphology, 539-576) John
Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York,
Reprint 1984.

16. N.I.S.I. Role of River Valley Projects in National Planning (1966) National Inst. of Science of India Bull 40, New Delhi 1969.

17. Griggiths, J.E. Applied Climatology, Oxford University Press, London, 1968.

18. Burtelli, L.J. and et. al (ed.) Soil Surveys and Landuse Planning, Social Science

-

		Society of America and American Society of Agronomy, Wiseonsin, 1966.
19.	Greigton, R.L	Urban Transportation Planning, University of Illinois Press, 1969.
20.	Dickinson R.E.	City and Region-A Geographical Interpretation Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd., London, 1964.
21.	Freeman T.W.	Geography and Planning, Hutthinson University Library London, 1964.
22.	Gupta, R.K.	Planning Natural Resources, Navyug Traders New Delhi, 1971.
23.	Laszezycki, L. et,. al (ed).	Problems of Applied Geog. II Geographical Polonica 3, PWN - Polish Scientific Publishers Warsazawa, 1964.
24.	Steers, J.A.	Field Studies in British Isles, Thomas Nelson and Sons. Ltd., London, 1965.

Paper-VIII(vi) Anthropogeography

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours

Section-I

- a) Nature, Scope and Significance of Anthropo-geography.
- b) Environment and antiquity of man: Geographical Perspective of the Origin and dispersal of man;
- c) Fossil record of human evolution: Australopithecous, Home Erectus, Homosapions, Pleistocene Environment in human prehistory.

Section-II

- a) Man's Cultural Evolution: The concept of 'Ages' in prehistory; archaeological Ages and their salient Socio-economic attributes. Technological, Social and Cultural developments during the Paleolithic period with special reference to India.
- b) Origin and the early spread of the food producing economy with special reference to India.
- c) Urbanisation of Society and rise of Civilization with special reference to Sumerian, Nile Valley, Indus Valley, Inca and Mays, Civilization.

Section-III

- a) Modern Man: The concept of race; race and recism; criteria of racial classification
- b) Primary Human Races-their distribution and physical characteristics.
- c) People of India; Racial classification of Indian population; Tribe and Caste in relation to race in India.

Note: The question paper shall contain 8 questions in all including three questions each from sections-I and II and two questions from section III. Candidates shall attempt four questions in all, selecting atleast one question from each section.

Books Recommended:

1.	Men	1957.
2.	Brukitt, M.C.	Old Stone Age Combridge University Press London, 1973.
3.	Butler, K.W.	Environment and Archeology, Methuen, 1964.
1	Clork G	World Prehistory Combridge

Rould and Valleie Fossil Thomas and Hudson London

4. Clark, G. World Prehistory, Cambridge Uni. Press, London, 1962.

5. Child G. Man Maken Himself Water &

5. Child, G. Man Makes Himself, Wats & Co., London, 1956.

6. Childe, G. New Light on the Most Ancient East, Rautlege and Kegan Paul, London, 1952. 7. Coon, C.S. The History of Man, Penguin, New York, 1967. Plough and Pasture, Thomas 8. Curven E.C. Knight & Co. Ltd., 1946. 9. Fuchs, S: The Aboriginal Tribes of India, Mc Millan, India, 1973. 10. Guha, B.S. Race Element in Population, Oxford University London, 1937. UP from the Aped, Motilal 11. Hooten, E BanarasiDas, Delhi, 1965. 12. Hutton, H.H. Caste in India. Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1961

Paper-IX (i) Population Geography

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

1. Introduction to Population Geography:

a) Nature and Scope of Population Geography, Sources of Population data, their problem of comparability and reliability with special reference to India.

b) Dynamics of Population' Fertility, Mortality & Migration meaning and measures; determinants of Fertility and Mortality; Level and Transition of Fertility and Mortality in India.

c) Migration: A general study of theories of Migration with detailed study of Reverstein and Lee's Theories of Migration streams; causes and consequences of Migration. A general survey of Nature and extent of Migration in India.

2.a) Distribution and Composition of Population: Population density and related factors; Determinants and Consequences of age and sex structure of population with reference to developed and developing Countries and with special reference to India.

- b) Social and Economic characteristics of Population: Literacy-Male and Female and Rural & Urban; level and composition of working population with special reference to
- 3.a) Population Theories: Malthus, Recardo, Marx and Post, Malthusian Theories, concept of optimum population; Demographic transition; and Population growth and its impact on environment. Inter-relationship between population growth and economic development.
- b) Population Policy: India's population policy and family welfare programmes performance and shortcomings of family welfare programmes since Independence.
- Note: The question paper shall contain 8 questions in all including three questions each from Section-I and 3 and 2 questions from Section-2. Candidates shall attempt 8 questions atleast one question from each section.

Reading List

1.	Chandana,	R.C. &	M.S. Sindl	u Introduction	n to	Population
* J.	and the same	Property of		Geography	18852	Kalyani
* 1 X	San to		2.1.	Publishers,	Ludh	iana, 1980.

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- Population Geography,
- Clerks, J.I. Population Geograph Pergemon, 1972.
 R. Woods Population Analysis Geography, Longman, London, 1979.
- 4. K.V. Sundrum and S. Nangis Population Geography (eds.) Heritage Publishers, New Delhi, 1985.
- 5. Bhende & Kamirker Principles of Population Studies, Himalya Publishing See the transfer of the second House Bombay, 1983.
- 6. S.N. Singhot et al (eds.) Population Transition India, B.R. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1989.

Paper-IX (ii) Urban Geography

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hrs.

Section-I

a) Nature, Scope and Significance of Urban Geography.

1.0

- b) Different Approaches to the Study of Urban Geography.
- c) Recent trends in Urban Geography.
- d) Olden Towns and Modern Towns: (i) Site of Town, Trade Administrative and Commercial, Specialised Functions, Resources, Situation of Towns: Routes, Physical barriers, Water transport, Physical location inland routes, Railway, Markets, Political aspects changes in fortunes.

Section-II

- a) Social Surplus Concept of Urban Evolution.
- b) Nature of the Pre-Industrial and of the Modern Metropolitan city. Social Processes Affecting Landuse: Aggregation, Dominance.
- c) Gradient and Succession, Centralization and Decentralization Invasion and Succession; Social behaviour as a Determinent of Landuse, Human behaviour and landuse, Social value and Land use.
- d) Urban Land use Pattern:- Location Decision, Location Criteria, Location Factors, Accessibility and Determinants.

Section-III

- a) Theories of Urban Structures:- Concentric Zone Theory, Criticisms-Davie Quinn, Alhaun and Schnore, Sector Theory, Criticisms-Firey, Rodwin and Re-evaluation. Multiple Nuclei Theory, Star Theory.
- b) Locational Theory and Urban Hierarchy-The Economics of Location, Locational Factors, Location decision. Central Place Theory-Central Place and Urban

- Hierarchy. The Economic Base Theory. The classification of Basic Service. The Activity, criticism of Base Theory.
- c) The Central Business Distt., The Zone of Transition, The Sub-Urban Area, The Rural-Urban Fringe, The Satellite and Ring Towns.
- d) The Process of Urbanisation Definition and Measurement. The Process of Urbanisation in India. City and its Hinterland.

Section-IV Urban Problems

- a) Population and Environment: Demographic, Environmental, Transportation and Housing. Social Problems: The Ethnic Mossaic, Education, Crime.
- b) Urban Problems of India-Over crowding, Social and Economic Infrastructures.
- Origin, Growth and consequences of Slums and Squatter settlements.
- Note: The question paper shall contain eight questions in all including two questions on each section. Candidates shall attempt four questions in all selecting one question from each section.

Books Recommended

- 1. Carter, H. The Study of Urban Geography, Edward Arnolds, 1973.
- 2. Bruns, S.D. & Williams Cities of the World, World J.E. (eds.)

 Regional Urban Development, Harper & Row 1983.
- 3. Northam, R.M. Urban Geography. John Wiley, 1975.
- 4. Herbet T.D., & Thomas, Urban Geography- A First J.C. Approach, John Wiley, 1952.
- 5. Gilbert, A. Gugler, J. Cities, Poverty and Development; Urbanization in the Third World, Oxford University Press, 1982.

vice, The Activity, commission of	Witban will Geography: An introductoryoun Guise. Groom Helm, London.
referred by the control of	and the second s
8. Bose, A. Marien of the control of	India's Urbanization 1901-2001 Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 1978
9. Alam, S.M. & V.V.P	Urbanization in Developing Countries, Hyd. 1976.
10.4 Short; J.K. 1249 and one of the state o	An Introduction to Urban Geography, Routledge & Kegan Paul, London, 1983
	Analystical Urban Geography, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
Taylor, T.G.	Urban Geography, NY: E.P. Dutton, 1946.
13.15 Murphy, R.E. sees we store the sees	The Central Business District, Aldine, Longman, London, 1972.
14. Johnston, R.J.	City and Society: An outline for Urban Geog Penguin, London, 1980.
15. Alam, S.M.	Metropolitan Growth Trends
िर्देशका पीर्टी (हिंदिककारोड़ी (कहिंद करके ए) अहंद) तहराजुकका पूर्वकारिकार पर्वे कार्य कर के कि हार कार्य कहेंगा है. अस्ति कार्य करिया कार्य कर कार्य कर कार्य कार्य कार्य कार्य कर कार्य हार है.	Regional Prospective of Industrial Urban Growth,
Carena Canagarapes Calena NV (Carena)	Macmillan & Co., Bombay, 1969.
16. Mitra, Alemania and land with the confidence of the confidence	
Development, Urbanization is the Third World, Oxford University Press, 1982.	

17. Mitra, Andrew and Island Andia's Population, Vol.-II. and 18. Dentle, R.A. Urban Problems: Perspective and Solutions, Rand Mc Nally, . Time Publishing College Chicago, 1977. I-mother's 19. James O.W. Petter O.M. Economic Geography, John Coorand Sonsoon I Willey and Sonsoon at different in the: 20 Man, B.M. 3 20 Min Smill Urbanization, the squatter and but drove that somether social soundevelopment in the Third World", in LS. Böurn & J.W. mi emisil his energoed to the Simmons (ed.) System of Cities: a Methodology for Settlemen w readings on Structure, Growth . Souther Manager Scale and Policy, OUP, NY, 1978. Apimonoga, mental States (iii) Comprehensive Analysis, but the of the state of the sta Spaniage Understanding supplements. 22. Michael, R. Human Mayblogyddargog tilements; Territorial bases of Bural Practical - & culled entage and Anna of Rurai Settlements with Hyman, special 880 from bixe, torm and location. 23. Murphy, R.E. The American City: An Urban Geography Mc Graw Hill Co., Par6061axhoriment Rusal Sattlements and their councer 24. Johnson, J.H. Geography: Au English Color Supering Color analysis, Pergaman Urban Geography: cased to your least a sample press Fondon 1967.

sibility of control of the sample of VLF (eds.) in Stude Victoria - Wiley, New York, 1965. Mayer, H.M. & Kohn C.F. Readings in Urban Geography, (eds.): University of Chicago Press, nag a ni zaomelije nal Olo od Chicago, 1959. Culture of Cities, Mc Millan & . 27. Mumford, L., 2888, Robnod alogadysis of Clan Settlements-A Case 28. Gist, N.P. and Fava, S.W., Urban Society, Corwell, New to alread smooth guizant with the export, 1964! and the control of Social Spatial Organization of Clan Scutements in Mradle Giorga Valley.

Paper-IX (iii) Geography of Rural Settlements

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hrs.

Section-1

a) Meaning, Objectives and Scope of Settlement Geography: Source of Information and Problems in their use; Census Records, Archives and Archaeological Sources, Literacy Source Place names, Field work and use of Maps.

b) Observations of the Role of Geography and History in the development of a Methodology for Settlement analysis; (i) Descriptive Settlement Studies, Analytical Settlement Studies (iii) Comprehensive

Methodology, and (iv) Classifying System.

Histogenesis of Settlements; Evolution, Growth and c) Spatial diffusion of Settlements.

Morphogenesis of Settlements; Territorial bases of Rural d) Settlement, Distribution of Rural Settlements with special reference to size, form and location.

Section-2

a) Patterns and Types of Rural Settlements and their causes and effect Associations.

- Morphology of Rural Settlements: House Types in b) Various Ecological settings, a Detailed Study of House Types in some regions of India.
- Functional Classification of Rural Settlements. c)
- Rural Service Centres- their Nature and Hierarchy. d)

Section-3

Origin Evolution and Size of Clan Settlements in a part a) of Middle Ganga Valley.

Spatio -Temporal Analysis of Clan Settlements-A Case b)

Distribution of Castes and their ranking in some parts of c) India.

Socio-Spatial Organisation of Clan Settlements in d) Middle Ganga Valley.

Section-4

- An Analysis of Pattern, Causes and Consequences of a) · Rural depopulation in India.
- Thematic Frameworks of Rural Settlements in Research b) Perspective.
- Planned Process of Transformation of Space through c) Selected Sample Studies.
- Objectives and Achievements of 'The Five Year Plans' d) in India with regard to rural developments.

Note: The question paper shall contain eight questions, including 2 questions from each section. Candidates shall attempt four questions in all selecting atleast one question from each section.

Boo	Books Recommended				
1.	Ambrose, P.	Concept in Geography: Settlement Patterns, Longmans, 1970.			
2.	Alber, R.J.S.	Adams and P. Gonld, Spatial Organisation, Englewood Cliffs, 1971.			
3.	Hudson, F.S.,	Geography of Settlements, Macdonald and Evan, 1968.			
4.	Mukherji, R.K.	Man and His Habitation, Popular Prakashan, Bombay 1968.			
5.	Singh, R.L. and K.N. Singh (eds.)	Readings in Rural Settlements NGSI R H II Varanasi 1975			

(eds.), NGSI, B.H.U., Varanası, 19/5. Singh, R.L. Rural Settlements in Monsuri 6.

NGSI, BHU Varanasi, Asia, 1977.

Mitra, A. Reporton House Type and 7. Village, Settlement Pattern in India, Census of India, 1966.

8.	Clont, H.D.	Rural Geography, An Introductory Survey, Pereamon Press, Oxford, 1984.
9.	Pacione, M. Regarden and A. Regarden	Rural Geography, Harper and Row, London, 1984.
		Rural Development: A Geographical Perspective, Gloom Helm, London, 1987.
*		35-40.
12.	Clark, G.,	"Development in Rural Geography", Area, Vol. 20 No. 1 1988, pp. 35-40.
	Weekley, I.,	"Rural Depopulation and Counter Urbanisation A Paradox, Area, Vol. 2, 1988 p. 127-34.
	Ansari, S.H., & Co-author,	'Evolution and Spatial Diffusion of Sakarwar Clan Settlements in Zamamae Tehsil, Gazipur Distt.
	in take in the second section of the section o	The Eastern, Anthropologist, Vol. 33 No. 3, 1980, pp. 241-253.
	Rao, V.M. Sart Sund	"Rural Dev. Personnel: Location Status and Dev. Characteristics" EPW. Vol.
16.	ede de demik de regulandi de L Ansari, S.H. , 44,6 juneos	XVII, No. 42, 1982, p. 1691. Evolution and Spatial Organization of Clan
(t e , k . 5 + 2)	er i de la	Settlements, Concept Publishing - Co., New Delhi, 1986.
\$13 kg	Singh R.L. & R.P. Singh	"Concept of Morphological Analysis: Some Theoritical Postulation" in Geopcientists Commanoration Volume(ed.)
	R.L. Singh, R.S. Mittal and S.L. Kayastha	NGJI, Vol. 24,ch. ,3-4 1978 pp. 1-16.

Land Utilization: Theory and 18. Mandal, R.B. Practice, Concept Company, New Delhi, 1982. Introduction 19. Mandal, R.B. to . Rural Settlements, Concept Pub. Co., New Delhi. 20. India: A Reference Annual, 1983, Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India. Patiala House, New Delhi. Chisolm, Michael, Rural Settlements and Landuse, 21. Hutchinson University Library, London, 1970. Eidt, Robert C., et., al., Man, Culture and Settlement NGSI Varanasi, 1977. 23. Grover Neelam Rural Settlements: A Cultural Geographical Analysis, Inter-India Publications Delhi, 1985. 24. Sharma, R.C. settlement Geography of the Indian Desert, Kumar Brothers, Allahabad, 1972. 25. Ansari, S.H. Spatial Diffusion of Gautam Rajput Clan Settlements in Ghazipur Distt., 'The Geographer, Vol. XXIV No. I, 1982 p. 31-41. 26. Amani, K.Z. and Spatial Diffusion of Kinwar Bhumihar S.H. Ansari Clan Settlements in Ghazipur Distt., The Geographer, Vo. XXIV No. 1, 1982, p. 31-40.27. Ansari, S.H. Social Status of Kamsar Pathan, among other Social groups . A Geographical Study', The Indian Geographical Journal, Vol. 60, 1985. 1- with the 3 magnet to the 28. Singh, Ram, Bali Clan Settlements in Varanasi Distt. NGSI, 1975. Januar Rajputan, Paris J. 29. Singh, R.P.B. Morphogenesis of Rural and Scope;

With a spanish of many of the Settlements, Festschrift to Prof. R.L.

Care of Saran plain in Man, Culture and

Singh eds. R.C. Didt, K.N. Singh & RPB Singh, NGSI, Pub. No. 17, 1976.

Paper-IX(iv) Agricultural Geography

Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hours

Section-I: Introduction to Agricultural Geography

Definition, Nature, Scope and Significance of Agricultural Geography, Geographical Approaches to the Study in Agricultural Geography (Commodity, Deterministic, Systematic, Regional, Systems, Behavioural and Eco-system Approaches) Origin and Development of Agriculture, Diffusion of Crops (Main Cereals, Pulses, Oilseeds and Crops).

Section-II: Factors influencing Agricultural Patterns and Systems in Agriculture

Physical Factors (Tarrain, Climate, Soils) Institutional Factors (Land Holding, Farm Family Structure, Caste, Religion, Infrastructural Services), and Technological Factors (Irrigation, Mechanical Inputs, Bio- Chemical Inputs, Demographic inputs) Influencing Agriculture; Agricultural Systems of the World Whittlessey's Classification of Indian Agriculture.

Section-III Regionalisation of Agricultural Patterns

Concept of Agricultural Region, Techniques- Normative, Emperical, Single Element Statistical, Multi-element (Cluster and Combinational Analysis) Techniques, Agricultural Regionalisation based on Productivity Measure-Indices of Agricultural Efficiency, Concentration and Diversification. Levels of Agricultural Productivity in India (Scheme of Bhalla and Alagh.)

Section-IV: Model of Agricultural Location

The Nature and Need of Models, Classification of Models. The Working Classification of Models of Agricultural Activity-Economic Models (Ven. Thuren's & Model Input Output Behavioural Model. Diffusion Model), Descriptive Models (Experimental Models, Conceputual Models), Mathematical Models, Land Capability Models.

Note: The question paper shall contain 8 questions in all including two questions from each section. Candidates are required to attempt 4 questions in all selecting one question from each section.

Books Recommended:

Simpson, F.S. (ed.) Agricultural Geography, I.G.U.

Symposium, 1964.

Symer, S.L. Agricultural Geography, G.Bell and

Sons, Ltd. London, 1965.

Gregor, H.F. Geography of Agriculture, Prentice Hall,

Inc. 1920.

Hussian, M. Agricultural Geography, Concept Pub.

Co. New Delhi, 1970.

Sauer, C.O. Agricultural Origins and Dispersals: The

Domestication of animals and

Foodstuffs. M.I. T. Press, 1969.

Grigg, D.B. Agricultural Systems of the World: An

Evolutionary Approach, 1977.

Singh, B.B.., Krishi Boogol (in Hindi), Tara

Publications, Varanasi, 1979.

Weaver, J.C., 'Crop Combination Regions in the

Middle West'.

Geographical Review, Vol. XLIV, No. 2

1954 pp. 173-200

Klages, K.H.W.., Ecological Crop Geography, 1958.

Doi, K. The Industrial Structure of Japanese

Prefeatures.

Proceedings of I.G.U.., Regional Conference in Japan, 1957 pp. 310-316.

Stamp, L.D., The Land of Britain-Its Use and Misuse, 3rd edition, Longmans, London, 1962.

Graham Edward, H., Natural Principles of Land use, Oxford

University Press, New York, 1944.

F.A.O., A Framework for Land Evaluation, Soil

Bulletin No. 32, 1976.

Mohmmad, N., Agriculture Land Use in India: A Case

Study, Inter-India Publications, Delhi,

1978.

Heinz, H.I. Hein's Handbook of Nutrition, London, 1959.

F.A.O. Food Consumption Tables for International Use, 1964.

Andreas, B., Farming, Development and Space: A World Agricultural Geog., Water de

Grytar, New York, 1981.

Bansal, P.C., Agricultural Problems of India, Vikas New Delhi (Latest edition).

Sen Gupta P. and G., Economic Regionalisation of India, Odasyuk

Problem and Approaches Census of India, 1961, N.D., 1968.

Singh, J.,

Agricultural Geography, Tata Mc. Graw
Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi,
1974.

Hussain, M., Agricultural Geography, Inter-India Publications New Delhi, 1986. (First

Published in 1979).

Sharma, B.L., Agricultural Geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1990.

Paper- IX(V) Regional Planning

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours

The Commence of

Section-I

The Concept Objectives, Principles and Techniques of Regional Planning, Role of Geography in Regional Planning; Survey for regional planning-regional, Techno-economic and diagnostic surveys; Planning regions concepts, Criteria, democration and hierarchy; Planning Regions in India.

Section-II

National Development and Regional planning; Aspect of Social Environmental and Grassroot Approach in Planning; multi-level planning, Micro planning and sub-regional planning; Regional planning Legislation in India; Directions of Regional Policy in India.

Section-III

Nature and Scope of Tour Planning; Preparation of a Tour Plan; Formulation of Policies and zoning; locational and space requirements of residential work and recreational area; planning for transport and public utility services.

Nature and Scope of Country Planning; Rural Landuse Planning; Planning for Social and Economic Infrastructural Facilities and Public Utilities-Drinking Water, Irrigation, Flood Control and Soil Conservation.

Note: There shall be eight questions in all consisting 3 questions leach from Section I & III and I question from Section II.

Candidates shall answer four questions in all selecting atleast one question from each section.

Reading List:

1.	Alden, J. and Morgan, R.(1974)		Planning-A ill Books, Be	Comparative eds.
2.	Bhat, L.S.(1972)	Regional	Planning	in India,

Statistical Publishing Society,
Calcutta.

3. Bhatt, L.S. et al (eds.1982)

Regional Inequalities in India Society for the Study of Regional Disparities, New Delhi.

4. Blunden, J. et al (1973) Regional Analysis and Development, Harper & Row, London.

5. Misra, R.P. et al (eds. 1974)

Regional Development Planning in India, Vikas, New Delhi.

Paper IX (vi) Biogeography

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 Hours

Section-I

- a) Biogeography-Its Nature, Function and Scope.
- b) Biosphere-Its Nature and Definition; the limit and composition; Animate Life; The Fundamental Characteristics of Animate Life. The Biopheric Cycle.
- c) Ecosystem-Its Concept, Scope and function of Eco-system Pond and Forest. The organism and its Ecosystem.

d) The Organic Scale: Its Classification, Distribution and relationship within and between species. The inheritance of biological characteristics.

Section-II

- a) The Evolution of Living Things: The plants and Animal Kingdoms; Theory of Evolution, Evolution of Life.
- b) Factors influencing distribution of Plants and Animals (i) Evolutionary (ii) Innate (iii) Environmental-(a) Area (b) Climate (c) Soil (iv) Geological Factors.
- c) The Biomes: The distribution of major terrestrial biomes
 (i) Tundra (ii) Taiga (iii) Temperate (iv) Tropical rain
 forest (v) Temperate grass land (vi) Savannah land (vii)
 Deserts (viii) Fresh-water biomes (ix) Marine biomes-(a)
 The Oceanic biomes (b) The Rockey shore biomes (c) The
 Muddy or sand shore biomes.

Section-III

- a) Zoogeography:- Its Concepts, Field and Scope
- b) Classification of Animals; differences between Plants and Animals.
- c) General character of Animal life: (i) Animal (ii) Specialized environments adaptation (iii) Form and colour (iv) Luniniscence in Animal.
- d) Zeo-geographical Realms and Regions: Its concept and classification.

Section-IV

- a) Animal and Man: Distribution (i) Accidental (ii)Chance Introduction (iii) Deliberate Introduction (iv) Domesticated Animals.
- b) The extinction of species-its causes.
- c) Animals in the Service of Man :(i) Transportation (ii) Biological Control.
- d) Effects of climate and vegetation on Animals.

- e) Man and his Environment: Environmental improvishment and destruction; (i) Land spoilation (ii) Water pollution (iii) Atmospheric pollution (iv) Plant Life (v) Animal Life
- (f) Conservation: Its definition, need and the strategy.

Note: The question paper shall contain eight questions in all including 2 questions from each section. Candidates shall attempt 4 questions in all, selecting one question from each section.

Books Recommended:

1.	Robionson, H.	Biogeography: ELBS, Mc Donald Evans, London, 1982.
2.	Simmons, I.G.,	Biogeography: Natural and Cultural, Duxbury Press, North Scithuate, Massachusetts, 1979.
3.	C.B. Cox, I.N. Healey & P.D. More,	Biogeography: An Ecological and Evolutionary Approach, II edn. ELBS, 1976.
4.	Newbigin, M.I.,	Plant and Animal Geography, Matheun & Co. Ltd., 1968.
5.	Barry, C.,	Biogeography-An Ecological and Evolutionary Approach, Cox Blackwell, Oxford, 1977.
6.	Joy, T.,	Biogeography: Study in Plants in Ecosphere, Diver and Boyd, Edinborough, 1977.
7.	Martin, C.,	Plant Geography, Matheun, London, 1975.
8.	Simmons, I.G.,	Biogeographical Processes, George Allen and Unwin, London.
9.	Glearon, H.A.and Crowquist, A.	The Natural Geography of Plants, Columbia University Press, New York, 1964.
10.	Eyre, S.R.,	Vegetations and Soils-A World Picture, Aldine Publishing, Chicago, 1963.

11. Darlington, P.J.,

Zoogeography: The Geographical Distribution of Animals, Wiley, New York, 1957.

12. Danserean, P.M.

Biogeography: An Ecological Perspective, Ronals Press, New York, 1957.

Paper-X (Part-A)Field Method of Investigation in Geography

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 3 Hrs.

- 1. Logic and the Method of Science: What is scientific method, its limits and value; Hypotheses formulation and conditions Facts and Hypotheses; classification and definition-significance nature and Rules the predicables, Division and Classification; measurement purpose and formal conditions, Numerical laws and Derived measurement; logical fallacies, Sophistical refutations.
- 2. Sampling: The idea and advantages of sampling, sampling distribution and standard arrors, types of sampling design (random, stratified, cluster and multi stage, area sampling, multiphase sampling replicated quote, penal and longitudinal) sample size.
- 3. Methods of collecting Information(a) was of documentary source, Introduction to Nature and availability of Socioeconomic data of India (Census, NSS, Agricultural and Industrial Statistics, Health and Social amenities), use of maps, (b) Observation participants and Non-Participants; (c) Questionaire schedule and interview; (d) Processing of data editing, coding and tabulation.
- Note: The question paper shall contain eight questions in all. Including three questions each on section 1 and 3 and two questions in all selecting atleast one question from each section.

Books Recommended:

1. Morris, Cohen & Ernest, An Introduction to Logic and Negel, Scientific Methods, Allied, New Delhi, 1970 (Reprint).

2. Clause, M. and G. Kelton Survey Methods in Social Investigation ELBS: London, 1971.

3. Paulen, B. Young, Scientific, Social Surveys and Research prentice Hall, India, New Delhi (1982) Reprint.

4. Moonis, Raza, S. Naqvi Source of Economic and Social and J.Dhar Statistics of India, Eureka Publication, 1978.

 National Seminar on Social Statistics in India, Allied, New Delhi, 1976.

Paper-X (Part-B) Parctical Geography

Max. Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours

A. Lab Work

24 marks.

Slope Analysis-Gradient & Slope, Significance and Calculation of Gradients, scale of slope; slope analysis by Wintworth's, Smith's, Henry and Raiz's and Robinson's methods.

II-Air photo Interpretation and Remote Sensing.

- a) Development of Air photo interpretation technique; application of the technicque in Geography; types of air photographs and their application to particular situations; elements of objects identifications photo Mosaics and their comparision with their topographical maps;
- b) Identification and Mapping of elements, natural and cultural landscape: Natural landscape-Topography drainage surfacial material and vegetation; cultural landscape settlements: transportation lines; landuse and field patterns;
- c) Development of remote-sensing techniques and their application in geography, complimentarity of Imageries and air photos.

Note: The paper shall contain six questions in all-two questions on section-I and four questions on section II. Candidates shall have to attempt three questions in all selecting one question from section I and two questions from section II.

B. Record Work

16 marks

C. Viva-voce

10 marks

Books Recommended:

- 1. Monkhouse, F.J. Willkinson, Maps & Diagrams, Methuen and H.R. London, 1976.
- 2. Singh R.L. Map Work and Practical Geography, Kalyani, Delhi.
- 3. Sharma, J.P. Practical Geography (in Hindi) Rastogi and Co., Meerut, 1987.
- 4. Hira Lal, Fundamentals of Practical Geography (in Hindi) Kitab Ghar, Kanpur, 1982.
- 5. American Society of Photogrammetry (1966) Manual of Photogrammetry (3rd edition), Virginia.
- 6. American Society of Photogrammetry (1975) Manual of Remote Sensing Virginia.
- 7. Avery, T.E. (1962) Interpretation of Aerial photographs Burgess Publishing Co., Minneapolis.
- 8. Sabing, F.F. (Jr.) Remote Sensing: Principles and (1986)
 Interpretation, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 9. Tomar M.S. and Aerial Photographs in Landuse and A.R.Maslekar, (1974) Aerial Photographs in Landuse and Co. Dehradun.
- 10. Campbell, James, B. Mapping the Land-Aerial Imagery for land use information, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur, 1987.
- 11. Robinson, Elements of Cartography.
- 12. Dickinson, G.C., Maps and Airphotographs, Arnold Heinemann.